SAFETY DATA SHEET



IBO.10

SHEFFIELD GROUP

Catalogue number: **IBO.1001** Version No: **1.1 Issue date: 08/12/2020** Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	IBO.10
Synonyms	IBO.1001
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Relevant identified uses	Metal working fluid
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Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	SHEFFIELD GROUP
Address	55 Pendlebury Road, Cardiff 2285 NSW Australia
Telephone	+61 2 4957 8787
Fax	+61 2 4957 3737
Website	www.sheffield.com.au
Email	sales@sheffield.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre	
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
GHS Classification	Not Applicable. All ingredients are non-hazardous,
Label elements	
GHS label elements	Not applicable.
SIGNAL WORD	Not applicable
Hazard statement(s)	
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s)	Prevention
P102	Keep out of reach of children
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Precautionary statement(s)	Response
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s) Storage	
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s) Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local government regulations
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SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Cubicanoto		
CAS No	%(weight)	Name
64742-65-0	>60	Highly refined Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic containing less than 3% dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO)

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	Change contaminated, saturated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.
Inhalation	Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Where appropriate artificial ventilation. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Where appropriate artificial ventilation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Foam, Extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Water spray, Water mist. DO NOT use strong water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibility	bility None known	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow it to enter drains or surface water.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Fire/Explosion Hazard In case of fire, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NOx) may be liberated.	

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	Clean up at once. Absorb with absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).
Major Spills	Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labelled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations. Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle. Ventilate affected area. Prevent by any means available any spillage entering a watercourse.
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Use only in well-ventilated areas Put lids on containers immediately after use. Avoid direct contact with skin and eyes When using do not eat, drink or smoke Avoid: Inhalation of vapours or spray/mists Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.	
Other information	High slip hazard because of leaking or spilled product	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Original containers	
Storage incompatibility	Keep away from food, drink and animal foodstuffs. Do not store with oxidizing agents. Protect against Frost Heat. UV-radiation/sunlight Water Humidity.	
Other information	Keep container tightly closed in a cool well-ventilated place Protect containers against damage. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Recommended storage temperature: 5-40 °C Product may be stored for up to 24 months under described conditions.	

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES Not Available

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only in well-ventilated areas. If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by mechanical means.
Personal protection	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets. Apply skin care products after work.
Eye and face protection	Wear eye protection/face protection with side shield.
	Tested protective gloves must be worn: DIN EN 374 The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. Do not wear gloves near rotary machines and tools. Suitable material :
Hands/feet protection	Wearing time with permanent contact: Material: NBR (Nitrile rubber), CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber), PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol), Thickness of the glove material: 0,70 mm Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time): > 480 min
	Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): Material: NBR (Nitrile rubber), CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber), PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol), Thickness of the glove material: 0,40 mm Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time): > 30 min
	Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time): : For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.
Respiratory protection	Usually no personal respiratory protection necessary. If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be worn.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Yellow liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.87
Odour	Mineral oil	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	240
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	200	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	196	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not explosive
Flammability	Not applicable	Oxidising properties	Not oxidising
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	6.5	Viscosity (cSt)	25
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	0.6	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (hPa)	0.001	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Not Miscible	pH as a solution	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with oxidising agents
Conditions to avoid	No information available.
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents, strong. acid.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Distillates (petroleum),	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) >500 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit) >5000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (rat) >5.53 ng/L
hydrotreated heavy	Skin corrosion/irritation	Mild effects but not relevant for classification
paraffinic	Eye damage/irritation	Mild effects but not relevant for classification
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitising
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards
	Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards
	Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards
	STOT (single exposure)	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure
	STOT (repeated exposure)	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure
	Aspiration toxicity	Based on the available data the classification criteria for aspiration toxicity are not met.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Part of the components is biodegradable.	No information available.

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Floats on water. Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Marine Pollutant NO HAZCHEM Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC) Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Schedule	
Revision Date	Not applicable
Initial Date	08/12/2020

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
1.1	08/12/2020	Not applicable

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources such as the ECHA C&L Chemical Inventory, CCID New Zealand, GESTIS Germany, NICNAS and HCIS Australia and supplier's dossier

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA;	Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC-STEL:	Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC:	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH:	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
STEL:	Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL:	Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit
IDLH:	Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations
OSF:	Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL:	No Observed Effects Level
TLV:	Threshold Limit Value
LOD:	Limit Of Detection
OTV:	Odour Threshold Value
BCF:	Bio Concentration Factors
BEI:	Biological Exposure Index

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End of SDS